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Sixty-seventh session

Allocation of agenda items for the sixty-seventh session of the General Assembly

Adopted by the General Assembly at its 2nd plenary meeting, on 21 September 2012

Plenary meetings

1. Opening of the session by the President of the General Assembly.
2. Minute of silent prayer or meditation.
3. Credentials of representatives to the sixty-seventh session of the General Assembly:
   (a) Appointment of the members of the Credentials Committee;
   (b) Report of the Credentials Committee.
4. Election of the President of the General Assembly.[1]
6. Election of the Vice-Presidents of the General Assembly.[1]
7. Organization of work, adoption of the agenda and allocation of items: reports of the General Committee.
8. General debate.

A. Promotion of sustained economic growth and sustainable development in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly and recent United Nations conferences

9. Report of the Economic and Social Council.[2]

[1] In accordance with rule 30 of the rules of procedure, the General Assembly will hold these elections for its sixty-eighth session at least three months before the opening of that session.

[2] The General Assembly took note of the clarification that, in implementing resolution 58/316, the relevant parts of chapter I of the report of the Economic and Social Council would be considered by the Main Committees concerned, under agenda items already allocated to them, for final action by the Assembly.

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10. Return or restitution of cultural property to the countries of origin.

11. Implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS and the Political Declarations on HIV/AIDS.

12. Sport for peace and development.

13. 2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa.

14. Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields.[3]

15. Culture of peace.

16. The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order.

29. People's empowerment and a peace-centric development model.

B. Maintenance of international peace and security

30. Report of the Security Council.

31. Report of the Peacebuilding Commission.

32. The role of diamonds in fuelling conflict.

33. Prevention of armed conflict.

34. Protracted conflicts in the GUAM area and their implications for international peace, security and development.

35. Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic.

36. The situation in the Middle East.

37. Question of Palestine.

38. The situation in Afghanistan.

39. The situation in the occupied territories of Azerbaijan.

40. Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte.

41. Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba.

42. The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development.[4]

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[3] By its resolution 57/270 B, the General Assembly decided to consider under this item the chapters of the annual report of the Economic and Social Council relevant to the integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits, including through the participation in its discussions of the President of the Council. By its resolution 60/265, the General Assembly decided to dedicate a specific meeting focused on development, including an assessment of progress over the previous year, at each session of the Assembly.

[4] In accordance with decision 60/508, this item remains on the agenda for consideration upon notification by a Member State.

43. Question of Cyprus.[5]

44. Armed aggression against the Democratic Republic of the Congo.[5]

45. Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas).[5]

46. The situation of democracy and human rights in Haiti.[5]

47. Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security.[5]

48. Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait.[5]

C. Development of Africa

63. New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support:

(a) New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support;

(b) Causes of conflict and the promotion of durable peace and sustainable development in Africa.

D. Promotion of human rights

64. Report of the Human Rights Council.[6]

E. Effective coordination of humanitarian assistance efforts

70. Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance:

(a) Strengthening of the coordination of emergency humanitarian assistance of the United Nations;

(b) Assistance to the Palestinian people;

(c) Special economic assistance to individual countries or regions.

F. Promotion of justice and international law

71. Report of the International Court of Justice.

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[5] In accordance with paragraph 4 (b) of the annex to resolution 58/316, this item remains on the agenda for consideration upon notification by a Member State.

[6] By its resolution 65/281, the General Assembly decided to continue its practice of allocating this item to the plenary and the Third Committee, in accordance with its decision 65/503 A, with the additional understanding that the President of the Council will present the report in her or his capacity as President to the plenary of the Assembly and the Third Committee and that the Third Committee will hold an interactive dialogue with the President of the Council at the time of her or his presentation of the report of the Council to the Committee.

72. Report of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Commited in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994.

73. Report of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.

74. Report of the International Criminal Court.

75. Oceans and the law of the sea:

(a) Oceans and the law of the sea;[7]

(b) Sustainable fisheries, including through the 1995 Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks, and related instruments.

83. The rule of law at the national and international levels.[8]

G. Disarmament

85. Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency.[9]

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

106. Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization.[10]

107. Report of the Secretary-General on the Peacebuilding Fund.

108. Notification by the Secretary-General under Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations.

109. Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs:

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[7] By its resolution 66/231, the General Assembly decided to devote two days of plenary meetings at its sixty-seventh session, on 10 and 11 December 2012, to the consideration of the item entitled "Oceans and the law of the sea" and the commemoration of the thirtieth anniversary of the opening for signature of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea.

[8] By its resolution 66/102, the General Assembly decided to convene a high-level plenary meeting on the topic "The rule of law at the national and international levels" on Monday, 24 September 2012.

[9] The General Assembly took note of the fact that some portions of the annual report of the International Atomic Energy Agency, which is to be considered directly in plenary meeting under item 85, deal with the subject matter of the item entitled "General and complete disarmament", and decided that the relevant paragraphs of the report would be drawn to the attention of the First Committee in connection with its consideration of item 94.

[10] As at previous sessions, the General Assembly will hear a brief presentation by the Secretary-General of his annual report as the first item in the morning prior to the opening of the general debate on Tuesday, 25 September 2012.

(a) Election of five non-permanent members of the Security Council;

(b) Election of eighteen members of the Economic and Social Council.

110. Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections:

(a) Election of seven members of the Committee for Programme and Coordination;

(b) Election of thirty members of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law;

(c) Election of five members of the Organizational Committee of the Peacebuilding Commission;

(d) Election of eighteen members of the Human Rights Council.

111. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments:[11]

(f) Appointment of members of the Committee on Conferences;

(g) Confirmation of the appointment of the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme;

(h) Confirmation of the appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development.

112. Admission of new Members to the United Nations.

113. Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit.

114. Follow-up to the commemoration of the two-hundredth anniversary of the abolition of the transatlantic slave trade.

115. Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations.

116. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly.[12]

117. Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters.

118. Strengthening of the United Nations system:

(a) Strengthening of the United Nations system;

(b) Central role of the United Nations system in global governance.

119. United Nations reform: measures and proposals.

120. Multilingualism.

121. Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and other organizations:

(a) Cooperation between the United Nations and the African Union;

(b) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Asian-African Legal Consultative Organization;

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[11] For sub-items (a) to (e), see Fifth Committee.

[12] Pursuant to resolution 58/316, and in order to facilitate the work of the Main Committees, the General Assembly decided to allocate item 116 to all the Main Committees for the sole purpose of considering and taking action on their respective tentative programmes of work.

(c) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Association of Southeast Asian Nations;

(d) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Black Sea Economic Cooperation Organization;

(e) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Caribbean Community;

(f) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Collective Security Treaty Organization;

(g) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Community of Portuguese-speaking Countries;

(h) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Council of Europe;

(i) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Economic Community of Central African States;

(j) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Economic Cooperation Organization;

(k) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Eurasian Economic Community;

(l) Cooperation between the United Nations and the International Organization of la Francophonie;

(m) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Latin American Economic System;

(n) Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States;

(o) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons;

(p) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe;

(q) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of American States;

(r) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of Islamic Cooperation;

(s) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Pacific Islands Forum;

(t) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization;

(u) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Shanghai Cooperation Organization;

(v) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Southern African Development Community;

(w) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Central European Initiative.

122. Follow-up to the recommendations on administrative management and internal oversight of the Independent Inquiry Committee into the United Nations Oil-for-Food Programme.

123. Global health and foreign policy.

124. International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994.

125. International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.

126. International Residual Mechanism for Criminal Tribunals.

127. Addressing the socioeconomic needs of individuals, families and societies affected by autism spectrum disorders and other developmental disorders.

131. Programme planning.[13]

First Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.[1]

G. Disarmament

86. Reduction of military budgets.

87. African Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone Treaty.

88. Maintenance of international security — good-neighbourliness, stability and development in South-Eastern Europe.

89. Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security.

90. Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East.

91. Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons.

92. Prevention of an arms race in outer space.

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[13] In accordance with paragraph 2 of resolution 64/229, in which the General Assembly re-emphasized the role of the plenary and the Main Committees of the General Assembly in reviewing and taking action on the appropriate recommendations of the Committee for Programme and Coordination relevant to their work, in accordance with regulation 4.10 of the Regulations and Rules Governing Programme Planning, the Programme Aspects of the Budget, the Monitoring of Implementation and the Methods of Evaluation (ST/SGB/2000/8), the Assembly decided to allocate this item to all the Main Committees and the plenary of the General Assembly to enhance discussion of evaluation, planning, budgeting and monitoring reports.

93. Role of science and technology in the context of international security and disarmament.

94. General and complete disarmament:[9]

(a) Notification of nuclear tests;

(b) Towards an arms trade treaty: establishing common international standards for the import, export and transfer of conventional arms;

(c) Treaty on a Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone in Central Asia;

(d) Measures to uphold the authority of the 1925 Geneva Protocol;

(e) Effects of the use of armaments and ammunitions containing depleted uranium;

(f) Nuclear-weapon-free southern hemisphere and adjacent areas;

(g) Information on confidence-building measures in the field of conventional arms;

(h) Convening of the fourth special session of the General Assembly devoted to disarmament;

(i) Consolidation of peace through practical disarmament measures;

(j) Women, disarmament, non-proliferation and arms control;

(k) Mongolia's international security and nuclear-weapon-free status;

(l) The Hague Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation;

(m) Preventing the acquisition by terrorists of radioactive sources;

(n) Preventing and combating illicit brokering activities;

(o) Disarmament and non-proliferation education;

(p) Relationship between disarmament and development;

(q) Observance of environmental norms in the drafting and implementation of agreements on disarmament and arms control;

(r) Promotion of multilateralism in the area of disarmament and non-proliferation;

(s) Assistance to States for curbing the illicit traffic in small arms and light weapons and collecting them;

(t) Implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction;

(u) Regional disarmament;

(v) Conventional arms control at the regional and subregional levels;

(w) Confidence-building measures in the regional and subregional context;

(x) Towards a nuclear-weapon-free world: accelerating the implementation of nuclear disarmament commitments;

(y) Treaty banning the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices;

(z) United action towards the total elimination of nuclear weapons;

(aa) Follow-up to the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice on the Legality of the Threat or Use of Nuclear Weapons;

(bb) The illicit trade in small arms and light weapons in all its aspects;

(cc) Reducing nuclear danger;

(dd) Measures to prevent terrorists from acquiring weapons of mass destruction;

(ee) Nuclear disarmament;

(ff) Missiles.

95. Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly:

(a) United Nations Disarmament Information Programme;

(b) United Nations disarmament fellowship, training and advisory services;

(c) United Nations regional centres for peace and disarmament;

(d) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace, Disarmament and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean;

(e) Regional confidence-building measures: activities of the United Nations Standing Advisory Committee on Security Questions in Central Africa;

(f) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Asia and the Pacific;

(g) Convention on the Prohibition of the Use of Nuclear Weapons;

(h) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Africa.

96. Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session:

(a) Report of the Conference on Disarmament;

(b) Report of the Disarmament Commission.

97. The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East.

98. Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects.

99. Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region.

100. Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty.

101. Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction.

102. Revitalizing the work of the Conference on Disarmament and taking forward multilateral disarmament negotiations.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

116. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly.[12]

131. Programme planning.[13]

Special Political and Decolonization Committee (Fourth Committee)

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.[1]

B. Maintenance of international peace and security

49. University for Peace.

50. Effects of atomic radiation.

51. International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space.

52. United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East.

53. Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories.

54. Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects.

55. Questions relating to information.

56. Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the United Nations.

57. Economic and other activities which affect the interests of the peoples of the Non-Self-Governing Territories.

58. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations.

59. Offers by Member States of study and training facilities for inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories.

60. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

116. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly.[12]

131. Programme planning.[13]

Second Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.[1]

A. Promotion of sustained economic growth and sustainable development in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly and recent United Nations conferences

17. Information and communications technologies for development.

18. Macroeconomic policy questions:

    (a) International trade and development;

    (b) International financial system and development;

    (c) External debt sustainability and development.

19. Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the 2002 International Conference on Financing for Development and the 2008 Review Conference.

20. Sustainable development:

    (a) Implementation of Agenda 21, the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21 and the outcomes of the World Summit on Sustainable Development and of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development;

    (b) Follow-up to and implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States;

    (c) International Strategy for Disaster Reduction;

    (d) Protection of global climate for present and future generations of humankind;

    (e) Implementation of the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa;

    (f) Convention on Biological Diversity;

    (g) Report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its twelfth special session;

    (h) Harmony with Nature;

    (i) Promotion of new and renewable sources of energy.

21. Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat).

22. Globalization and interdependence:

(a) Globalization and interdependence;

(b) International migration and development.

23. Groups of countries in special situations:

(a) Follow-up to the Fourth United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries;

(b) Specific actions related to the particular needs and problems of landlocked developing countries: outcome of the International Ministerial Conference of Landlocked and Transit Developing Countries and Donor Countries and International Financial and Development Institutions on Transit Transport Cooperation.

24. Eradication of poverty and other development issues:

(a) Implementation of the Second United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (2008-2017);

(b) Industrial development cooperation.

25. Operational activities for development:

(a) Quadrennial comprehensive policy review of operational activities for development of the United Nations system;

(b) South-South cooperation.

26. Agriculture development and food security.

B. Maintenance of international peace and security

61. Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

116. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly.[12]

131. Programme planning.[13]

Third Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.[1]

A. Promotion of sustained economic growth and sustainable development in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly and recent United Nations conferences

27. Social development:

(a) Implementation of the outcome of the World Summit for Social Development and of the twenty-fourth special session of the General Assembly;

(b) Social development, including questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family;

(c) Follow-up to the International Year of Older Persons: Second World Assembly on Ageing.

28. Advancement of women:

(a) Advancement of women;

(b) Implementation of the outcome of the Fourth World Conference on Women and of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly.

B. Maintenance of international peace and security

62. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions.

D. Promotion of human rights

64. Report of the Human Rights Council.

65. Promotion and protection of the rights of children:

(a) Promotion and protection of the rights of children;

(b) Follow-up to the outcome of the special session on children.

66. Rights of indigenous peoples:

(a) Rights of indigenous peoples;

(b) Second International Decade of the World's Indigenous People.

67. Elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance:

(a) Elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance;

(b) Comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action.

68. Right of peoples to self-determination.

69. Promotion and protection of human rights:

(a) Implementation of human rights instruments;

(b) Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms;

(c) Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives;

(d) Comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action.

H. Drug control, crime prevention and combating international terrorism in all its forms and manifestations

103. Crime prevention and criminal justice.

104. International drug control.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

116. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly.[12]

131. Programme planning.[13]

Fifth Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.[1]

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

111. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments:[14]

(a) Appointment of members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

(b) Appointment of members of the Committee on Contributions;

(c) Confirmation of the appointment of members of the Investments Committee;

(d) Appointment of members of the International Civil Service Commission;

(e) Appointment of members and alternate members of the United Nations Staff Pension Committee.

116. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly.[12]

128. Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors:

(a) United Nations;

(b) United Nations peacekeeping operations;

(c) International Trade Centre;

(d) United Nations University;

(e) Capital master plan;

(f) United Nations Development Programme;

[14] For sub-items (f) to (h), see plenary meetings.

(g) United Nations Children's Fund;

(h) United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East;

(i) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;

(j) Voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;

(k) Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme;

(l) United Nations Population Fund;

(m) United Nations Human Settlements Programme;

(n) United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime;

(o) United Nations Office for Project Services;

(p) International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994;

(q) International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991;

(r) United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN-Women).

129. Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations.

130. Programme budget for the biennium 2012-2013.

131. Programme planning.[13]

132. Improving the financial situation of the United Nations.

133. Pattern of conferences.

134. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations.

135. Human resources management.

136. Joint Inspection Unit.

137. United Nations common system.

138. United Nations pension system.

139. Administrative and budgetary coordination of the United Nations with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency.

140. Report on the activities of the Office of Internal Oversight Services.

141. Administration of justice at the United Nations.[15]

142. Financing of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994.

143. Financing of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.

144. Financing of the International Residual Mechanism for Criminal Tribunals.

145. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of United Nations peacekeeping operations.

146. Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations.

147. Financing of the United Nations Interim Security Force for Abyei.

148. Financing of the United Nations Mission in the Central African Republic and Chad.

149. Financing of the United Nations Operation in Côte d'Ivoire.

150. Financing of the United Nations Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus.

151. Financing of the United Nations Organization Stabilization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

152. Financing of the United Nations Mission in East Timor.

153. Financing of the United Nations Integrated Mission in Timor-Leste.

154. Financing of the United Nations Observer Mission in Georgia.

155. Financing of the United Nations Stabilization Mission in Haiti.

156. Financing of the United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo.

157. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Liberia.

158. Financing of the United Nations peacekeeping forces in the Middle East:

(a) United Nations Disengagement Observer Force;

(b) United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon.

159. Financing of the United Nations Mission in South Sudan.

[15] By its resolution 66/237, the General Assembly invited the Sixth Committee to consider the legal aspects of the reports to be submitted by the Secretary-General, without prejudice to the role of the Fifth Committee as the Main Committee entrusted with responsibilities for administrative and budgetary matters; and decided, inter alia, to revert, at its sixty-seventh session, to the issue of the mandate, scope and functioning of the Office of Staff Legal Assistance, in both the Fifth Committee and the Sixth Committee, in their respective capacities. On that basis, the Assembly decided to allocate this item to the Fifth Committee and to the Sixth Committee.

160. Financing of the United Nations Mission in the Sudan.

161. Financing of the United Nations Supervision Mission in the Syrian Arab Republic.

162. Financing of the United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

163. Financing of the African Union-United Nations Hybrid Operation in Darfur.

164. Financing of the activities arising from Security Council resolution 1863 (2009).

Sixth Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.[1]

F. Promotion of justice and international law

76. Criminal accountability of United Nations officials and experts on mission.

77. Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its forty-fifth session.

78. United Nations Programme of Assistance in the Teaching, Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of International Law.

79. Report of the International Law Commission on the work of its sixty-third and sixty-fourth sessions.

80. Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts.

81. Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives.

82. Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization.

83. The rule of law at the national and international levels.[8]

84. The scope and application of the principle of universal jurisdiction.

H. Drug control, crime prevention and combating international terrorism in all its forms and manifestations

105. Measures to eliminate international terrorism.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

116. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly.[12]

131. Programme planning.[13]

141. Administration of justice at the United Nations.[15]

165. Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country.

166. Observer status for the Cooperation Council of Turkic-speaking States in the General Assembly.

167. Observer status for the International Conference of Asian Political Parties in the General Assembly.

168. Observer status for the Andean Development Corporation in the General Assembly.

169. Observer status for the International Chamber of Commerce in the General Assembly.

170. Observer status for the European Organization for Nuclear Research in the General Assembly.